Executive Cotton Update

U.S. Macroeconomic Indicators & the Cotton Supply Chain



July 2020 www.cottoninc.com

Macroeconomic Overview: The International Monetary Fund (IMF) released an updated set of forecasts for global economic growth last month. In those estimates, the IMF lowered its forecast for global GDP growth in 2020 from -3.0% to -4.9%. For 2021, the projection fell from 5.8% to 5.4%. Even with a comparatively strong rate of growth in 2021, expected activity next year is still forecast to be 6.5 percentage points below what was expected before the outbreak of COVID-19 (January IMF estimates).

An obvious downside risk to IMF estimates is a resurgence in the virus. Unfortunately, after forming a peak in new cases in April, the U.S. began seeing a rapid increase in infections in the second half of June. Those increases have led to a series of new records for new daily diagnoses in late June and early July.

The resurgence of COVID in the U.S. comes just ahead of the scheduled expiration of several stimulus measures. Notably, a supplement to unemployment benefits is slated to expire at the end of July. The supplement has been a factor boosting income and the savings rate in recent months. If legislation is passed to extend support through the end of the outbreak (including any secondary waves), those savings could be converted into spending after the pandemic subsides.

Employment: The U.S. economy is estimated to have added 4.8 million jobs in June. This is the largest monthly gain on record. The 7.5 million jobs added over the past couple months is progress. Still, many more jobs need to be added to get the economy anywhere near the level of employment before COVID. In March and April, 22.2 million jobs were lost (the size of the entire U.S. labor force is near 160 million).

The unemployment rate eased from 13.3% to 11.1% from May to June. The current value (11.1%) is 3.6 percentage points below the post-COVID high of 14.7% (April). For context, before the crisis began, the unemployment rate was only 3.5%. The Bureau of Labor Statistics continues to publish a notice indicating that sample sizes have fallen and that classification on temporarily unemployed are issues affecting data quality.

Initial claims for unemployment insurance, a representation of layoffs, have been trending lower with the latest reading around 1.4 million new claims per week. This is well below the peak of 6.9 million in late March but is also well above the worst weekly value experienced during the financial crisis (665,000 in March 2009). The volume of continuing claims, which describes the number of people unable to find new work after being laid off, has also been trending lower. The current value of 19.3 million is down significantly from the peak of 24.9 million in early May. During the financial crisis, the worst value was 6.6 million.

Consumer Confidence & Spending: In June, the Conference Board's Index of Consumer Confidence posted its biggest monthly increase since the pandemic (+12.2 points, from 85.9 to 98.1). Before the virus, the index was near 130. The long-term average is near 95.

Overall consumer spending rose 8.1% month-over-month in May (was down 6.4% in March and -12.2% in April). Year-over-year, total spending was down 9.8% (was -4.3% in March and -16.3% in April).

Consumer spending on apparel was up 40.6% month-over-month in May (was -27.6% in March and -23.6% in April). Year-over-year, apparel spending was down 22.8% in May (was -26.7% in March and -44.7% in April).

Consumer Prices & Import Data: Retail apparel prices, as measured by the CPI for garments, fell for the third consecutive month (-1.8 month-over-month in March, -4.9% in April, -2.5% in May). Year-over-year, apparel prices were 8.8% lower. The current level for the CPI is the lowest since 1987.

In seasonally-adjusted terms, the average import price per square-meter-equivalent (SME) increased 6.8% month-over-month. Year-over-year, average import costs were -0.5% lower.

Import volumes have been dramatically affected by the virus. In terms of weight volume, apparel imports of all fibers were down 14.6%, 45.3%, and 62.9% year-over-year in March, April, and May. The sharp pullback in order volume is a reflection of the challenging financial conditions being faced by many U.S. clothing retailers. It is also evidence of the difficult demand-side conditions facing the global apparel supply chain around the world.

Other markets, including examples from both Asia and Europe, have been able to stave off a resurgence in COVID cases and have been able to maintain progress in re-opening. However, sales growth has proven consistently challenging. Retail sales of textiles, clothing, and footwear in the European Union were down 56.6% year-over-year in March, -80.3% in April, and -50.5% in May. In China, official data for retail sales of clothing indicate decreases of -36.2% in February, -36.1% in March, -32.8% in April, and -27.3% in May.

U.S. Macroeconomic & Cotton Supply Chain Charts									
Macroecono	mic Indicators	Industry & Textiles	Retail	Currencies	Cotton				
GDP Growth	Leading Indicators	Industrial Production	Consumer Spending	Weighted Index	U.S. Balance Shee				
Interest Rates	Consumer Conf.	Inventory/Shipments	Inventory/Sales	Asia	Fiber Prices				
ISM Indices	Employment	U.S. Yarn Exports	Consumer Prices	The Americas					
	Housing	Polyester PPI		Europe					

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U.S. Macroeconomic Indicators & Cotton Prices July 2020



Macroeconomi	c D	ata
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Quarterly Data	Recent Averages Values in Recent Quarters								
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	Q3 : 2019	Q4 : 2019	Q1:2020	Unit	Source
Growth in US Real GDP	2.3%	2.5%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	-5.0%	% Chg. Quarter/Quarter	Department of Commerce
Macroeconomic Series with Latest Data for June		Recent Averages			Val	ues in Recent M	lonths		
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	April	May	June		
ISM Index of Manufacuring Activity	53.5	54.5	47.1	44.6	41.5	43.1	52.6	Index	Institute for Supply Management
ISM Index of Non-Manufacturing Activity	56.1	56.3	51.2	46.6	41.8	45.4	57.1	Index	Institute for Supply Management
Consumer Confidence	116.7	125.6	113.6	96.8	85.7	85.9	98.1	Index	The Conference Board
Change in Non-Farm Payrolls	-142.1	-369.3	-3135.3	-6487.0	-20,787	2,699	4,800	Thousands of jobs	Bureau of Labor Statistics
Unemployment Rate	4.6%	4.4%	7.2%	10.8%	14.7%	13.3%	11.1%	Rate	Bureau of Labor Statistics
US Interest Rates									
Federal Funds	1.2%	1.7%	0.9%	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	Interest rate	Federal Reserve
10-year Treasury Bill	2.2%	2.3%	1.2%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	Interest rate	Federal Reserve
Macroeconomic Series with Latest Data for May		Recent Averages			Values in Recent Months				
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	April	May	May	Unit	Source
Index of Leading Economic Indicators	105.4	108.8	105.9	100.1	103.4	97.1	99.8	Index	The Conference Board
Housing Starts	12.3	12.6	12.7	9.5	1.3	0.9	1.0	Annual pace, millions of units	Department of Commerce
Existing Home Sales	5.4	5.3	4.9	4.1	4.1	4.3	3.9	Annual pace, millions of units	National Association of Realtors

Industrial & Textile Series with Latest Data for May		Recent Averages				ues in Recent N	lonths			
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	March	April	May	Unit	Source	
US Industrial Production	105.5	107.3	101.4	91.9	91.3	92.6	92.6	Index, 2002=100	Federal Reserve	
Polyester Fiber PPI	107.9	98.4	95.4	94.5	98.2	97.9	98.2	Index, December 2003=100	Bureau of Labor Statistics	
Industrial & Textile Series with Latest Data for April	Recent Averages			Values in Recent Months						
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	February March April		April	Unit	Source	
Bale Equivalence of US Cotton Yarn & Fabric Exports	3.3	2.7	2.4	1.9	2.8	2.4	0.5	million 480lb bales	USDA ERS	
Industrial & Textile Series with Latest Data for May	Recent Averages			Values in Recent Months						
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	March	April	May	Unit	Source	
US Textile Mill Inventory/Shipments Ratio 1.36 1.39 1.52 1.68		1.68	1.71	1.65	Ratio Department of Commerce					

Retail Data

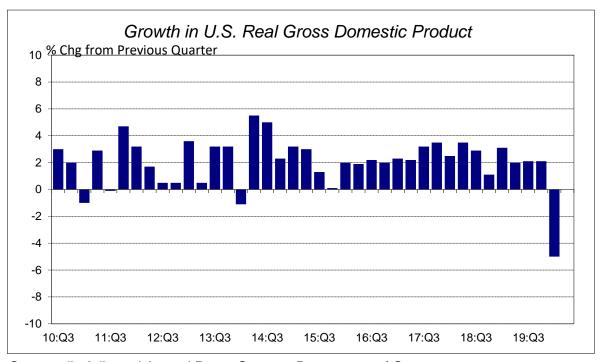
Netali Data									
Retail Series with Latest Data for May		Recent Averages					1onths		
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	March	April	May	Unit	Source
US Real Consumer Spending									
All Goods and Services	2.1%	1.7%	-4.9%	-13.0%	-4.3%	-16.3%	-9.8%	% Chg. Year/Year	Department of Commerce
Clothing	0.8%	0.3%	-17.0%	-33.7%	-26.7%	-44.7%	-22.8%	% Chg. Year/Year	Department of Commerce
Consumer Price Indices									
Overall	1.7%	2.0%	1.4%	0.3%	1.5%	0.4%	0.2%	% Chg Year/Year	Bureau of Labor Statistics
Clothing	-0.9%	-1.2%	-4.1%	-7.7%	-2.0%	-6.5%	-8.8%	% Chg. Year/Year	Bureau of Labor Statistics
Retail Series with Latest Data for April		Recent Averages			Values in Recent Months				
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	February	March	April	Unit	Source
Retail Inventory/Sales Ratio	•						•	_	
Clothing and Clothing Accessory Stores	2.7	2.9	7.1	18.9	2.4	4.8	18.9	Ratio	Department of Commerce
Department Stores	2.2	2.2	2.6	3.6	2.1	2.7	3.6	Ratio	Department of Commerce

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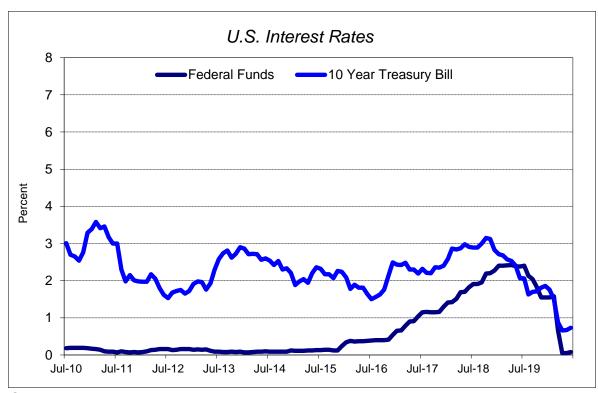
Daily Cotton Price and Currency Data July 2020



Daily Cotton Price Data		Recent	Averages		Avera	ges over Recent	t Months		
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	April	May	June	Unit	Source
NY Nearby	69.1	70.9	69.2	67.1	53.7	57.1	60.6	cents/pound	ICE
A Index	78.1	80.5	79.0	76.9	63.4	65.7	67.8	cents/pound	Cotlook
Daily Currency Data		Recent Averages				ges over Recent	t Months		
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	April	May	June	Unit	Source
Dollar Trade Weighted Exchange Index	113.6	114.2	119.3	122.5	124.5	124.0	119.1	Index, January 1997=100	Federal Reserve
Asian Currencies									
Chinese Renminbi	6.71	6.78	7.03	7.09	7.09	7.10	7.09	Chinese Renminbi/US dollar	Reuters
Indian Rupee	68.09	69.28	74.07	75.84	76.17	75.76	75.58	Indian Rupee/US dollar	Reuters
Japanese Yen	111.04	109.84	108.09	108.31	109.13	106.05	109.75	Japanese Yen/US dollar	Reuters
Pakistani Rupee	122.02	133.71	158.87	163.03	166.90	158.88	163.30	Pakistani Rupee/US dollar	Reuters
North & South American Currencies									
Brazilian Real	3.70	3.86	4.80	5.29	5.24	5.68	4.97	Brazilian Real/US dollar	Reuters
Canadian Dollar	1.32	1.31	1.36	1.39	1.41	1.41	1.34	Canadian dollar/US dollar	Reuters
Mexican Peso	19.02	19.49	21.38	23.57	24.80	24.32	21.60	Mexican Peso/US dollar	Reuters
European Currencies									
British Pound	0.75	0.77	0.79	0.80	0.82	0.81	0.79	British Pound/US dollar	Reuters
Euro	0.89	0.87	0.90	0.91	0.93	0.93	0.88	Euro/US dollar	Reuters
Swiss Franc	0.98	0.98	0.97	0.97	0.98	0.98	0.96	Swiss Franc/US dollar	Reuters
Turkish Lira	4.35	5.16	6.46	6.91	6.76	7.19	6.78	Turkish Lira/US dollar	Reuters

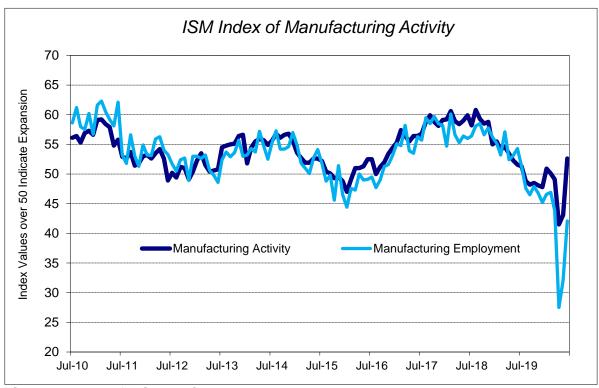


Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate; Source: Department of Commerce *Based on chained 2005\$.

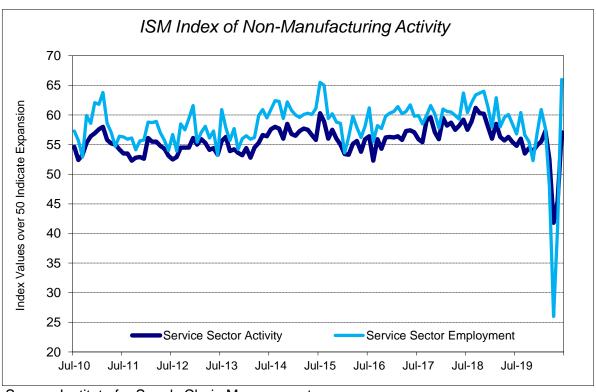


Source: Federal Reserve





Source: Institute for Supply Chain Management



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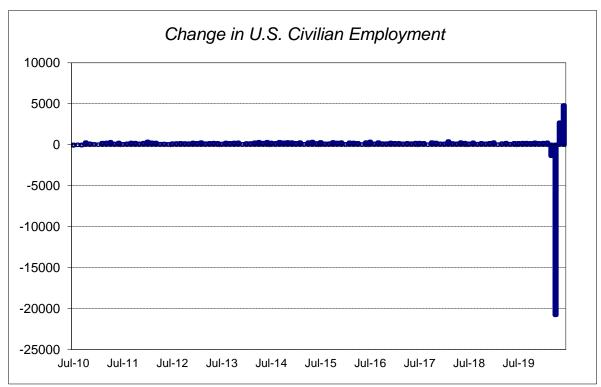


Source: The Conference Board

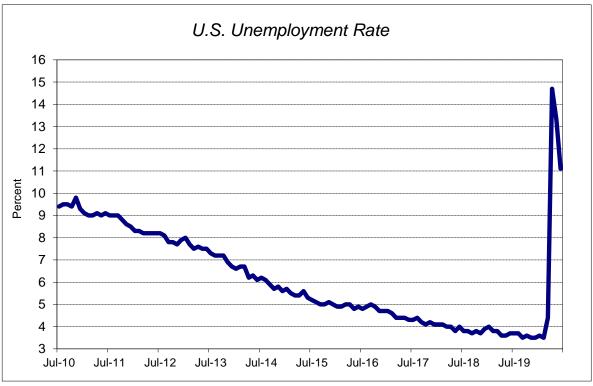


Source: The Conference Board





Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



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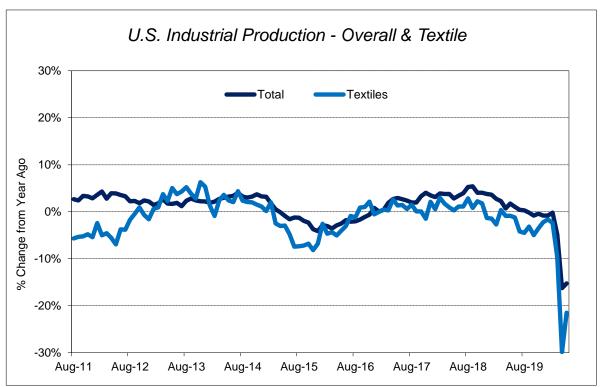


Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate; Source: Department of Commerce



Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate; Source: National Association of Realtors



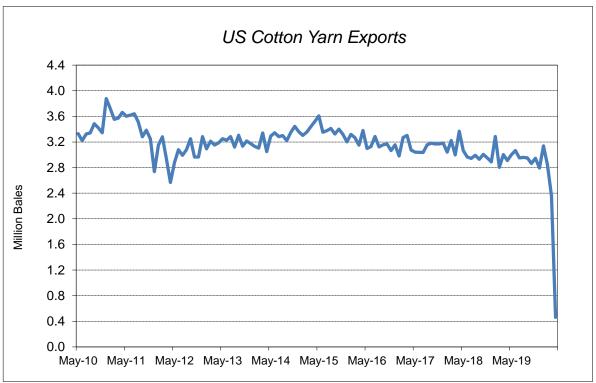


Source: Federal Reserve. Historical data revised to 1997 baseline.



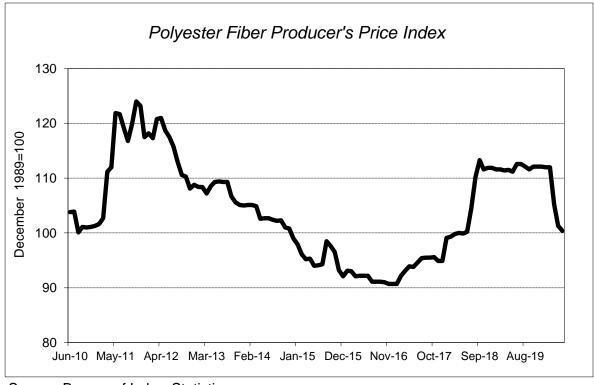
Seasonally Adjusted; Source: Department of Commerce





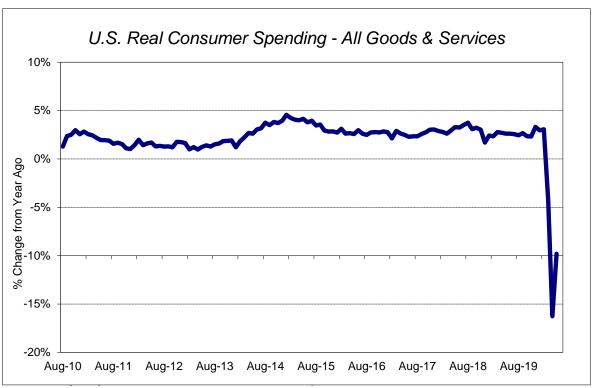
Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate

Source: USDA ERS

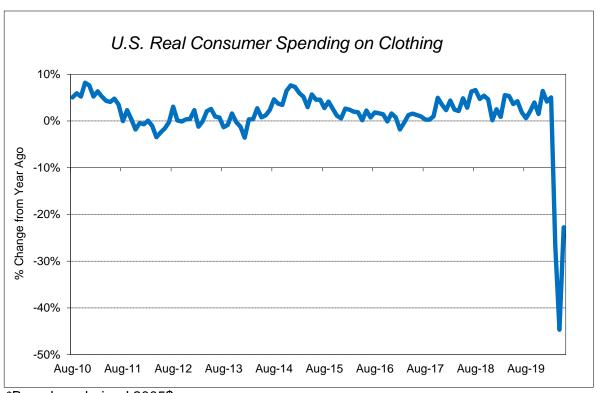


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



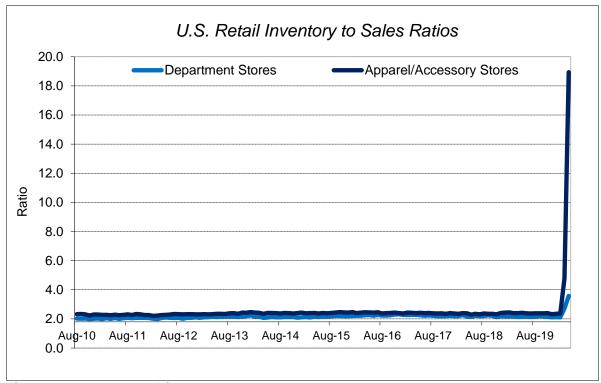


^{*}Based on chained 2005\$.

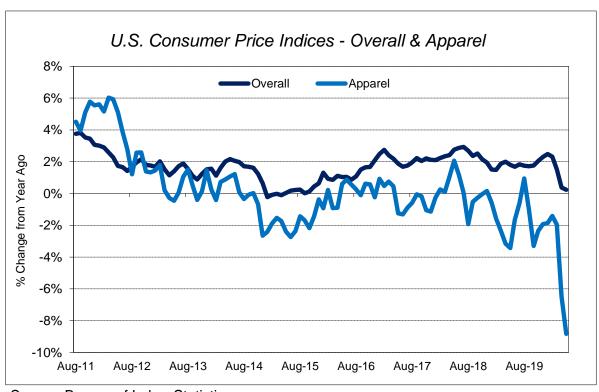


*Based on chained 2005\$.



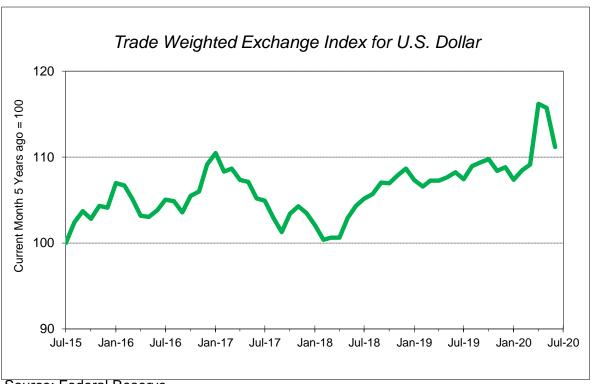


Source: Department of Commerce

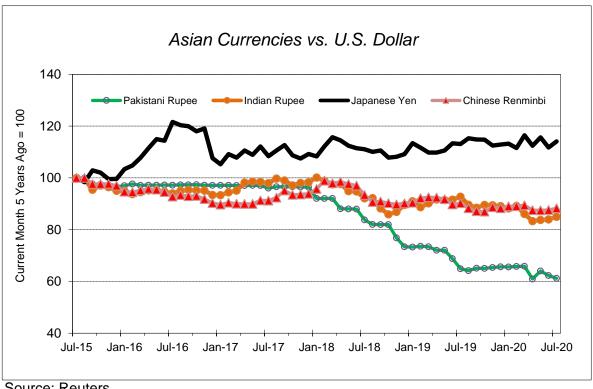


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



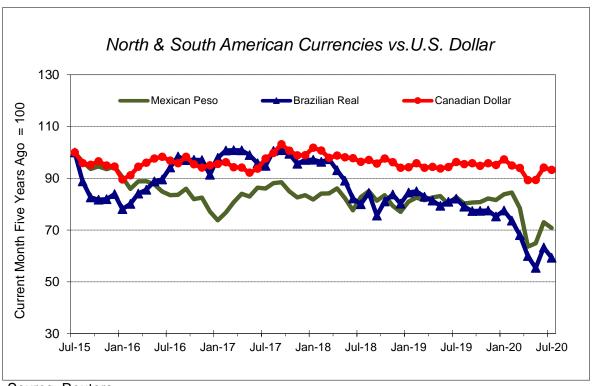


Source: Federal Reserve

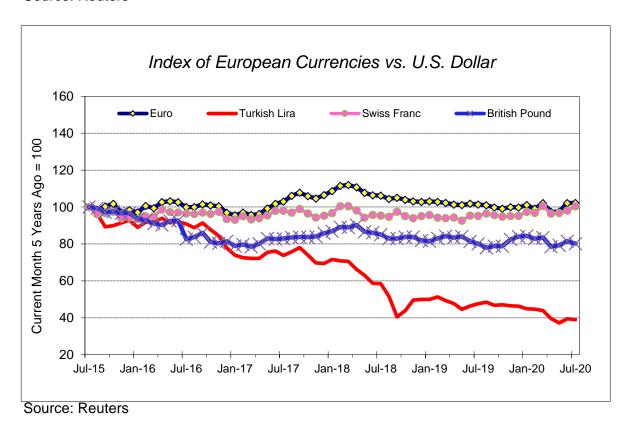


Source: Reuters





Source: Reuters





U.S. Balance Sheet						
million 480 lb. bales	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2020/21
					May	June
Beginning Stocks	3.8	2.8	4.2	4.9	7.1	7.3
Production	17.2	20.9	18.4	19.9	19.5	19.5
Imports	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Supply	21.0	23.7	22.6	24.8	26.6	26.8
Mill-Use	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.5	2.9	2.8
Exports	14.9	16.3	14.8	15.0	16.0	16.0
Demand	18.2	19.5	17.7	17.5	18.9	18.8
Ending Stocks	2.8	4.2	4.9	7.3	7.7	8.0
Stocks/Use Ratio	15.1%	21.5%	27.3%	41.7%	40.7%	42.6%



Sources: ICE Futures U.S. & Cotton Outlook

