Executive Cotton Update

U.S. Macroeconomic Indicators & the Cotton Supply Chain



December 2023 www.cottoninc.com

Macroeconomic Overview: The traditional holiday sales season began during the extended weekend that followed Thanksgiving (Nov 23-27, including Cyber Monday). Initial reports suggest spending growth was nearly 8% higher year-over-year that weekend (figure from Adobe Analytics). This was stronger than generally forecasted, with the National Retail Federation predicting 2023 spending for the entire shopping period will be 3-4% higher year-over-year.

However, the outlook for holiday spending this year is clouded by a swirl of conflicting economic influences. Consumers may still be able to spend savings accumulated with stimulus following the pandemic, but it is unknown how much remains and how much could still be allocated towards purchases. Although inflation continues to be a concern, it has slowed. Prices remain at higher levels, but the inflation rate has been below the rate of wage growth since May (inflation was rising faster than wages from April 2021 through April 2022), and the labor market remains tight. Interest rates have climbed sharply and worries that an economic slowdown could be looming have weighed on consumer confidence.

Nonetheless, the latest U.S. GDP data describe the strongest rate of quarterly growth since the stimulus-driven period after COVID (excluding figures from 2020 and 2021, the +5.2% growth rate in Q3 2023 is the strongest rate of quarterly GDP growth since 2014), and the largest contributor to this growth was consumer spending. Forecasters have been expecting the net result of these competing factors to result in a sales season with growth near the longer-term averages (between 3-4%, as mentioned above).

Adjustment of holiday sales figures for inflation is complicated this year. This makes figures expressed in value terms more difficult to interpret relative to what they imply for product volumes. Higher prices could imply that the volume of goods represented by figures for spending growth could be close to flat. However, it has been reported that retailers have been discounting earlier in the season to entice shoppers. If widespread, these price reductions could offset some of the influence of inflation.

Regardless of the eventual result of price-related effects, many participants in supply chains would appreciate the movement of inventory to stimulate order placement. The International Textile Manufacturers Federation (ITMF) reported that respondents to its survey on business conditions was the lowest on record (data only extends back to 2021, but it covers weakness caused by the pandemic), with widespread weakness reported across regions and each stage in apparel manufacturing. U.S. cotton-dominant apparel imports in October (seasonally-adjusted) were -21% lower than the 2019 average. U.S. imports have been down between -9% and -25% relative to the 2019 average every month since October of last year.

Employment: The U.S. economy is estimated to have added +199,000 new jobs in November. Revision lowered the previous number for September -35,000 to +262,000. The figure for October was unchanged at +150,000. The current twelve-month average is +233,000.

The unemployment rate decreased slightly, from 3.9 to 3.7%, and remains at a historically low level.

Wage growth continues to slow. The peak post-stimulus was +5.9% year-over-year (March 2022). The year-over-year increase in November was +4.0%. A figure for the overall inflation rate in November has not been released yet, but it was +3.2% in October.

Consumer Confidence & Spending: The Conference Board's Index of Consumer Confidence increased for the first time in four months in November (+2.9 points, to 102.0). The current value is in line with figures from the holiday sales period last year (the average for the index between October and November 2022 was 101.8).

Overall consumer spending was +0.2% higher month-over-month in October. Year-over-year, overall spending was +2.2% higher. Spending on garments was down -0.6% month-over-month and down -0.5% year-over-year. October marked the eighth straight month apparel spending was negative year-over-year.

Consumer Prices & Import Data: Retail prices for apparel increased +0.2% month-over-month in October. This followed two month-over-month decreases (-0.04% in August and -1.1% in September), which may be a reflection of retailer discounting. Year-over-year, the CPI for apparel was +3.0% higher in October. Price levels remain above the values before the pandemic (the value in October was +5.2% higher than the average in 2019).

Average import prices for cotton-dominant apparel decreased month-over-month in seasonally-adjusted data for October (\$0.09 per square meter equivalent or SME). The latest value is \$-14.9% lower than the peak set in November 2022 but is \$-6.6% higher than the average in 2019.

Macroecono	mic Indicators	Industry & Textiles	Retail	Currencies	Cotton	
GDP Growth	Leading Indicators	Industrial Production	Consumer Spending	Weighted Index	U.S. Balance Shee	
Interest Rates	Consumer Conf.	Inventory/Shipments	Inventory/Sales	Asia	Fiber Prices	
ISM Indices	Employment	U.S. Yarn Exports	Consumer Prices	The Americas		
	Housing	Polyester PPI		Europe		

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U.S. Macroeconomic Indicators & Cotton Prices December 2023



Bureau of Labor Statistics

Department of Commerce

USDA ERS

Source

Source

Macroeconomi	c D	ata
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year 6-month .6% 2.2% Recent Averages year 6-month .7.2 47.1 .2.7 53.2 .5.6 106.4 .32.6 186.2 .6% 3.7% .9% 5.3% .9% 4.3%	3-month 2.1% 3-month 47.5 52.7 101.8 203.7 3.8%	Q1: 2023 2.2% Val September 49.0 53.6 104.3 262 3.8%	Q2: 2023 2.1% ues in Recent M October 46.7 51.8 99.1 150 3.9%	Q3:2023 5.2% onths November 46.7 52.7 102.0 199 3.7%	Unit % Chg. Quarter/Quarter Index Index Index Index Index Thousands of jobs	Source Department of Commerce Institute for Supply Management Institute for Supply Management The Conference Board Bureau of Labor Statistics
Recent Averages year 6-month 7.2 47.1 2.7 53.2 05.6 106.4 32.6 186.2 6.6% 3.7%	3-month 47.5 52.7 101.8 203.7 3.8%	Val September 49.0 53.6 104.3 262	ues in Recent M October 46.7 51.8 99.1 150	November 46.7 52.7 102.0 199	Index Index Index Thousands of jobs	Institute for Supply Management Institute for Supply Management The Conference Board
year 6-month 7.2 47.1 2.7 53.2 05.6 106.4 32.6 186.2 .6% 3.7% -9% 5.3%	47.5 52.7 101.8 203.7 3.8%	49.0 53.6 104.3 262	October 46.7 51.8 99.1 150	November 46.7 52.7 102.0 199	Index Index Thousands of jobs	Institute for Supply Management The Conference Board
77.2 47.1 2.7 53.2 05.6 106.4 32.6 186.2 .6% 3.7%	47.5 52.7 101.8 203.7 3.8%	49.0 53.6 104.3 262	46.7 51.8 99.1 150	46.7 52.7 102.0 199	Index Index Thousands of jobs	Institute for Supply Management The Conference Board
22.7 53.2 05.6 106.4 32.6 186.2 .6% 3.7%	52.7 101.8 203.7 3.8%	53.6 104.3 262	51.8 99.1 150	52.7 102.0 199	Index Index Thousands of jobs	Institute for Supply Management The Conference Board
05.6 106.4 32.6 186.2 .6% 3.7%	101.8 203.7 3.8%	104.3 262	99.1 150	102.0 199	Index Thousands of jobs	The Conference Board
32.6 186.2 .6% 3.7%	203.7 3.8%	262	150	199	Thousands of jobs	
.6% 3.7% .9% 5.3%	3.8%				·	Bureau of Labor Statistics
.9% 5.3%		3.8%	3.9%	3.7%		
	5.3%				Rate	Bureau of Labor Statistics
	5.3%					
.9% 4.3%		5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	Interest rate	Federal Reserve
	4.6%	4.4%	4.8%	4.5%	Interest rate	Federal Reserve
Recent Averages		Val	ues in Recent M	onths		
year 6-month	3-month	August	September	October	Unit	Source
07.0 105.1	104.4	104.7	104.7	103.9	Index	The Conference Board
1.4 1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	Annual pace, millions of units	Department of Commerce
4.1 4.1	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.8	Annual pace, millions of units	National Association of Realtors
year 07.0 1.4	6-month 105.1 1.4	6-month 3-month 105.1 104.4 1.4 1.3	6-month 3-month August 105.1 104.4 104.7 1.4 1.3 1.3	6-month 3-month August September 105.1 104.4 104.7 104.7 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3	6-month 3-month August September October 105.1 104.4 104.7 104.7 103.9 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.4	6-month 3-month August September October Unit 105.1 104.4 104.7 104.7 103.9 Index 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.4 Annual pace, millions of units

149.7

June

1.69

Values in Recent Months

2.3

Values in Recent Months

September

1.69

August

2.0

October

Index, December 2003=100

million 480lb bales

Ratio

Unit

Unit

127.2

5-year

3.2

5-year

1.52

154.2

1-year

1-year

1.70

149.6

6-month

2.2

6-month

1.71

Recent Averages

Recent Averages

149.9

3-month

3-month

1.69

2.2

Polyester Fiber PPI

Industrial & Textile Series with Latest Data for August

Bale Equivalence of US Cotton Yarn & Fabric Exports

US Textile Mill Inventory/Shipments Ratio

Industrial & Textile Series with Latest Data for October

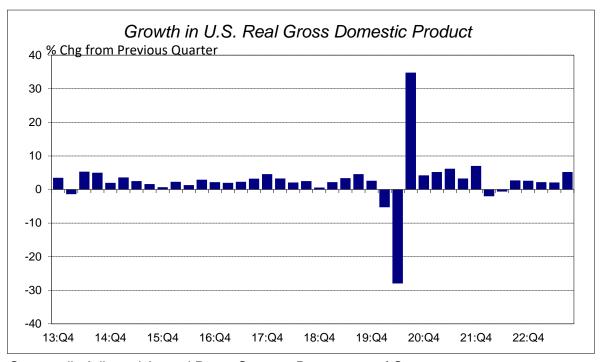
Retail Series with Latest Data for October		Averages		Values in Recent Months					
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	August	September	October	Unit	Source
US Real Consumer Spending									
All Goods and Services	2.6%	1.9%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	% Chg. Year/Year	Department of Commerce
Clothing	5.8%	-0.1%	-0.8%	-0.6%	-0.6%	-0.5%	-0.5%	% Chg. Year/Year	Department of Commerce
Consumer Price Indices									
Overall	3.9%	4.7%	3.5%	3.5%	3.7%	3.7%	3.2%	% Chg Year/Year	Bureau of Labor Statistics
Clothing	0.7%	3.9%	3.8%	3.2%	3.9%	2.7%	3.0%	% Chg. Year/Year	Bureau of Labor Statistics
Retail Series with Latest Data for September		Recent Averages			Values in Recent Months				
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	July	August	September	Unit	Source
Retail Inventory/Sales Ratio									·
Clothing and Clothing Accessory Stores	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	Ratio	Department of Commerce
Department Stores	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	Ratio	Department of Commerce

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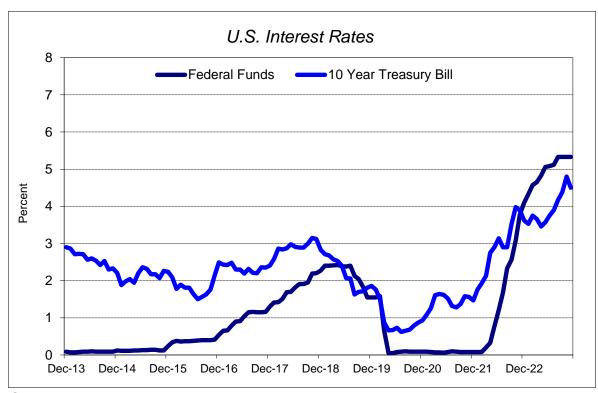
Daily Cotton Price and Currency Data December 2023



aily Cotton Price Data		Recent	Averages		Averages over Recent Months				
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	September	October	November	Unit	Source
IY Nearby	84.0	83.2	83.6	83.0	86.6	84.9	78.4	cents/pound	ICE
Index	94.7	95.7	94.1	94.3	97.9	95.6	90.5	cents/pound	Cotlook
aily Currency Data	Recent Averages			Averages over Recent Months					
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	September	October	November	Unit	Source
ollar Trade Weighted Exchange Index	117.6	118.0	121.4	122.9	122.4	123.8	122.5	Index, January 1997=100	Federal Reserve
sian Currencies									
Chinese Renminbi	6.81	6.73	7.25	7.31	7.34	7.30	7.28	Chinese Renminbi/US dollar	Reuters
Indian Rupee	75.71	78.09	82.94	83.16	82.95	83.25	83.28	Indian Rupee/US dollar	Reuters
Japanese Yen	118.84	125.99	145.37	149.30	147.67	149.37	150.86	Japanese Yen/US dollar	Reuters
Pakistani Rupee	188.31	211.03	287.22	290.08	302.75	282.48	285.00	Pakistani Rupee/US dollar	Reuters
Iorth & South American Currencies									
Brazilian Real	4.90	5.20	4.96	5.02	4.99	5.19	4.89	Brazilian Real/US dollar	Reuters
Canadian Dollar	1.31	1.30	1.35	1.37	1.36	1.37	1.38	Canadian dollar/US dollar	Reuters
Mexican Peso	19.84	19.51	17.52	17.79	17.56	18.33	17.48	Mexican Peso/US dollar	Reuters
uropean Currencies									
British Pound	0.78	0.78	0.80	0.81	0.80	0.82	0.81	British Pound/US dollar	Reuters
Euro	0.90	0.90	0.93	0.94	0.93	0.95	0.93	Euro/US dollar	Reuters
Swiss Franc	0.94	0.92	0.90	0.90	0.89	0.91	0.90	Swiss Franc/US dollar	Reuters
Turkish Lira	11.94	15.72	26.57	27.65	26.85	27.62	28.49	Turkish Lira/US dollar	Reuters

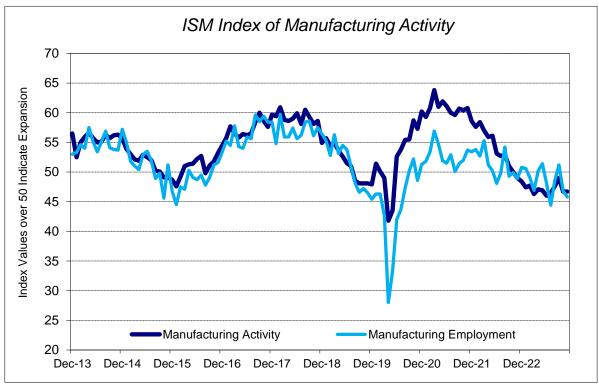


Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate; Source: Department of Commerce *Based on chained 2005\$.

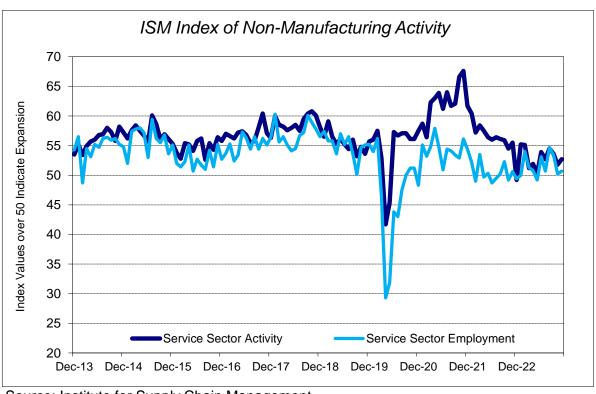


Source: Federal Reserve





Source: Institute for Supply Chain Management

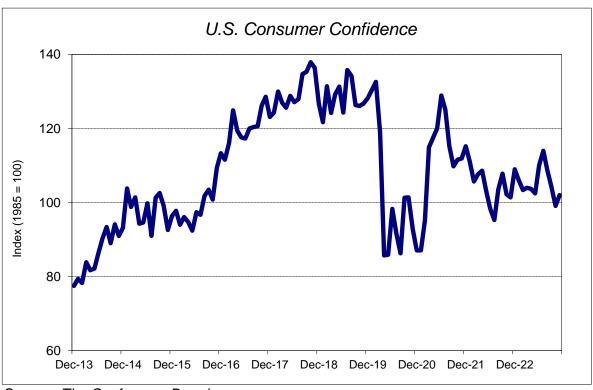


Source: Institute for Supply Chain Management



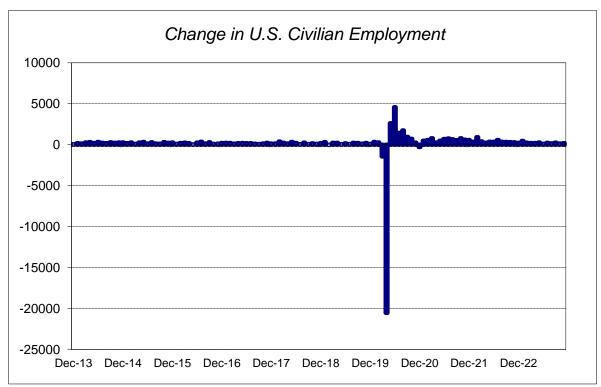


Source: The Conference Board

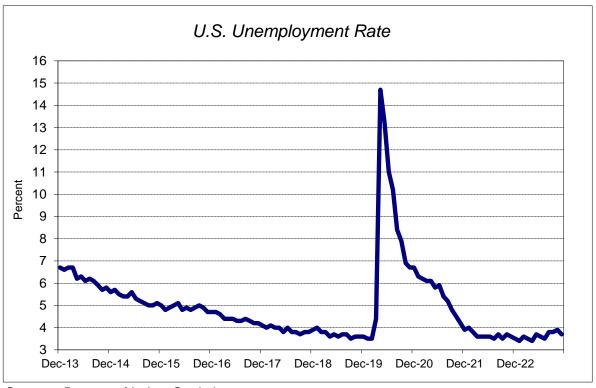


Source: The Conference Board





Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



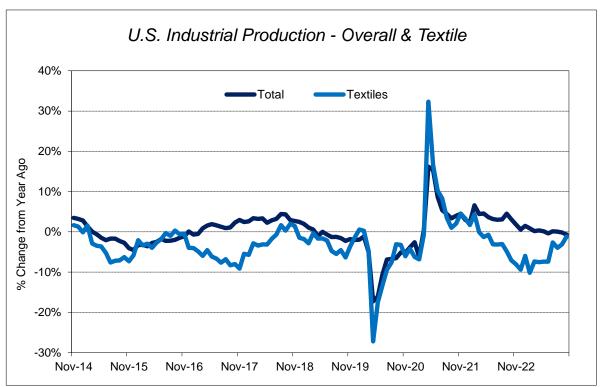


Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate; Source: Department of Commerce



Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate; Source: National Association of Realtors



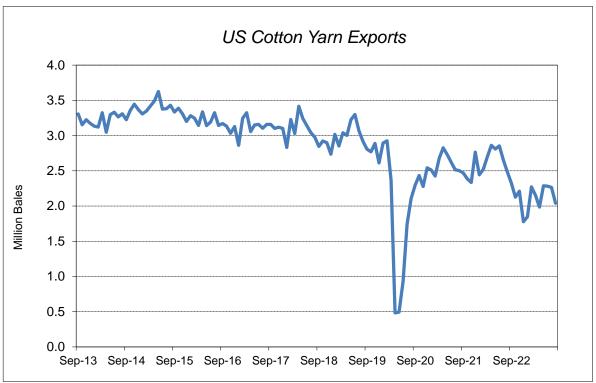


Source: Federal Reserve. Historical data revised to 1997 baseline.



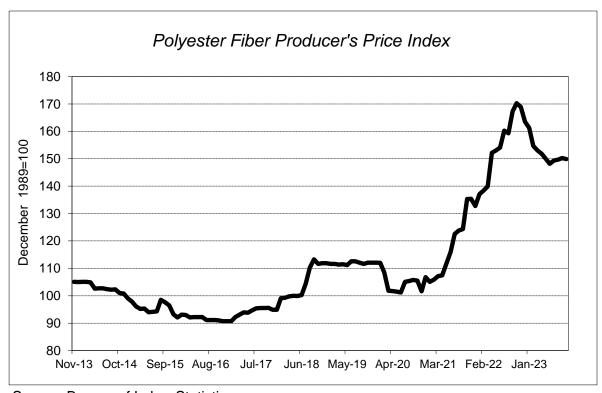
Seasonally Adjusted; Source: Department of Commerce





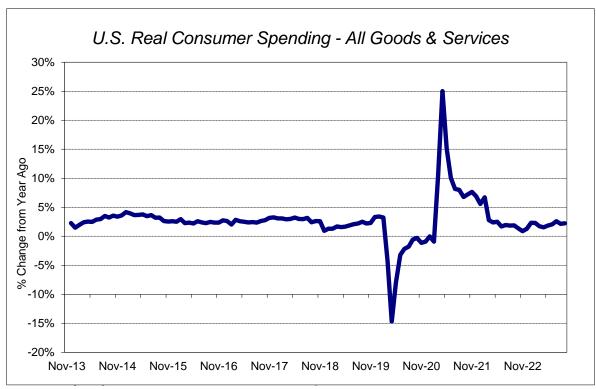
Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate

Source: USDA ERS

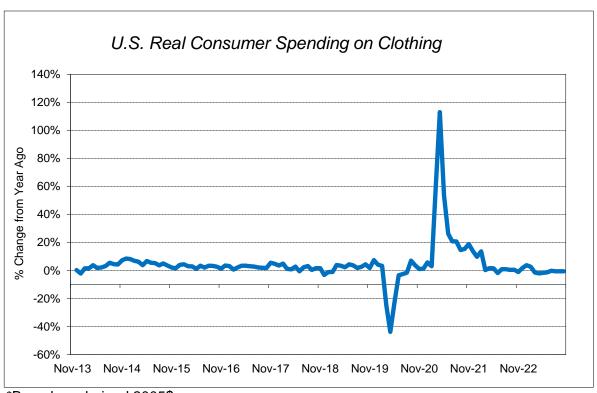


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



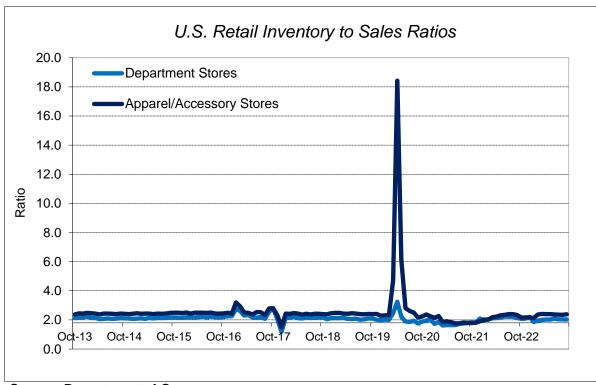


^{*}Based on chained 2005\$.

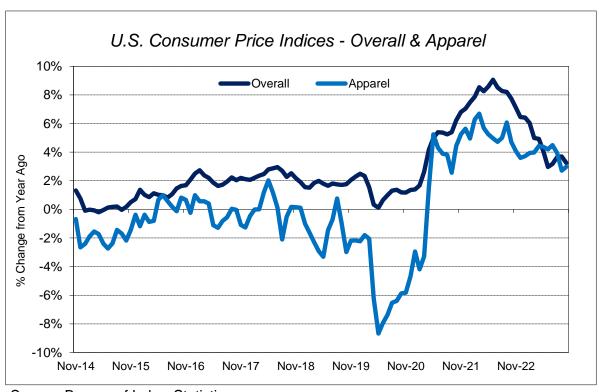


*Based on chained 2005\$.



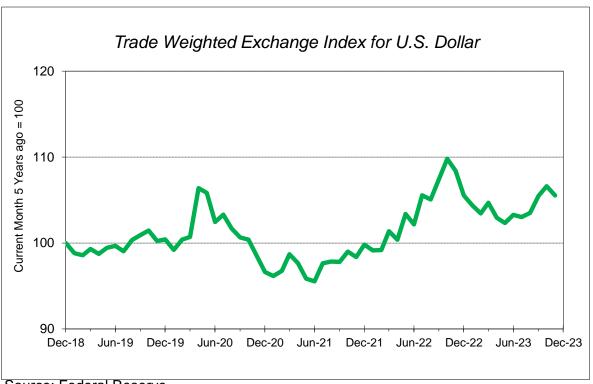


Source: Department of Commerce

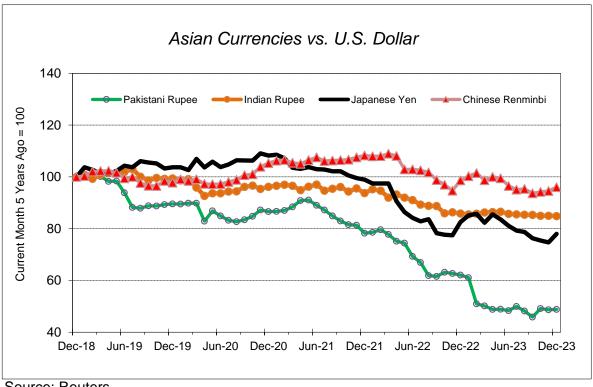


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



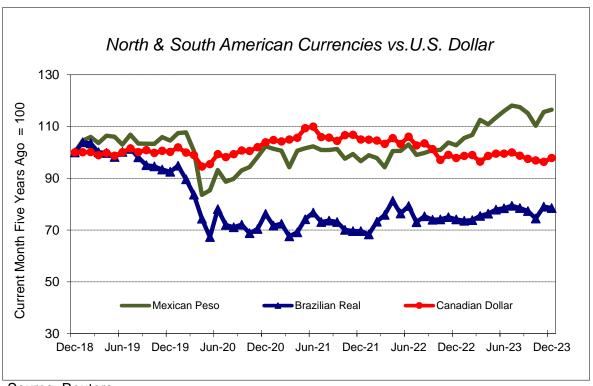


Source: Federal Reserve

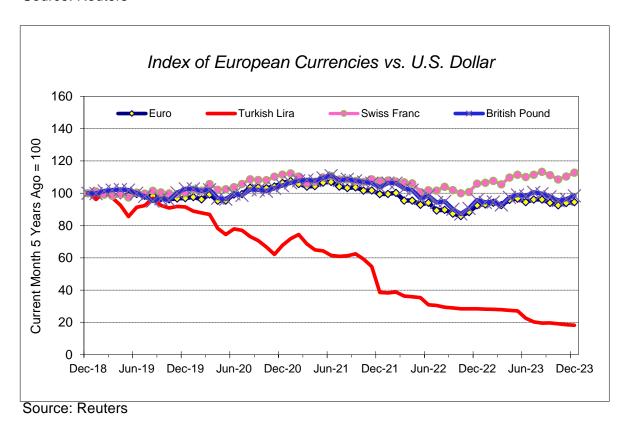


Source: Reuters



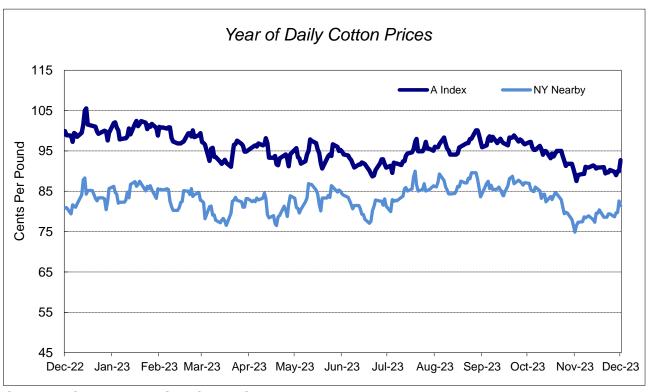


Source: Reuters





U.S. Balance Sheet						
million 480 lb. bales	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2023/24
					November	December
Beginning Stocks	4.9	7.3	3.2	4.1	4.3	4.3
Production	19.9	14.6	17.5	14.5	13.1	12.8
Imports	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Supply	24.8	21.9	20.7	18.5	17.3	17.0
Mill-Use	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.1	2.1	1.9
Exports	15.5	16.4	14.5	12.8	12.2	12.2
Demand	17.7	18.8	17.0	14.8	14.3	14.1
Ending Stocks	7.3	3.2	4.1	4.3	3.2	3.1
Stocks/Use Ratio	41.0%	16.8%	23.8%	28.7%	22.5%	22.0%



Sources: ICE Futures U.S. & Cotton Outlook

